

Blood Thinning Medications

When having a procedure, you need to be in your best condition in order to achieve the best results. Some regular medications can make you prone to bleeding and need to be stopped for a period of time prior to the procedure.

Stopping the medication <u>SHOULD ONLY</u> be done with the consent of your prescribing physician.

The following supplements/ drugs (brand name/generic) are known to be blood thinning and must be stopped usually **SEVEN** (7) days:

- Herbals containing Ginger or Ginko Biloba
- Fish Oil/Omega/Garlic
- Rx Fish Oil (Vascepa, Lovaza)
- Aspirin or aspirin containing medication
- Excedrin
- Equagesic
- Synalogos-DC, BC powder
- Plavix (Clopidogrel)

Includes Heparin and heparin type drugs:

- Innohep (Tinzaparin)
- Coumadin/Jantoven (Warfarin)

- Trental (Pentoxifylline)
- Advil/Motrin (Ibuprofen)
- Aleve,
- Anaprox DS,
- Mediproxen (Naproxen)
- Arthrotec
- Relafen
- Daypro (oxaprozin)
- Celebrex (celecoxib)

The following supplements/ drugs are known to be blood thinning and have varying time frames to stop prior to a procedure:

DRUG (brand name/generic)

Time Frame to STOP prior to procedure

•	Effient (Prasugrel)	varies from 7-10 days
•	Ticid (Ticlopidine)	14 days
•	Brilinta (ticagrelor)	5 days
•	Pradaxa (Dabigatran)	4 days
•	Mobic (meloxicam)	4 days
•	Arixta (Fondaparinux)	4 days
•	Eliquis (Apixaban)	3 days
•	Xarelto (Rivaroxaban)	3 days
•	Pletal (Cilostazol)	2 days
•	Persantine (Dipyridamole)	2 days
•	Fragmin (Dalteparin)	24 hours
•	Normiflo (Ardeparin)	24 hours
•	Aggrenox (Dipyridamole/aspirin)	24 hours
•	Lovenox (Enoxaparin)	12 hours

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